

The Basic Locus Theorems

A **locus** is _____

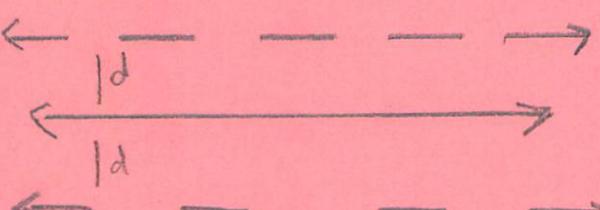
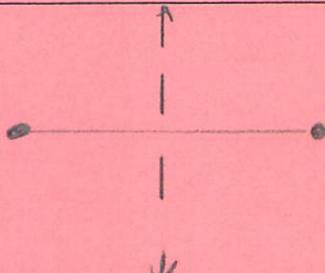
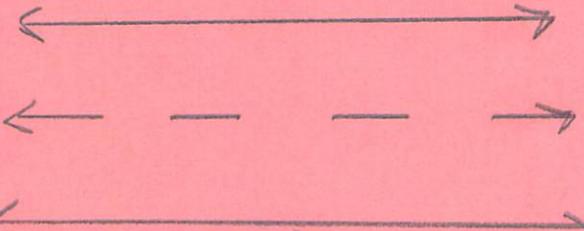
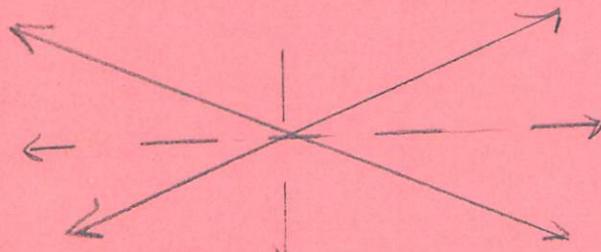
The Five Basic Locus Theorems

Theorem	Picture
1. Point:	
2. Line	
3. Two Points	
4. Parallel Lines	
5. Intersecting Lines	

The Basic Locus Theorems

Locus is a set of points that satisfies a certain condition

The Five Basic Locus Theorems

Theorem	Picture
<p>1. Point: The locus of points d units away from point P is a circle with center P and radius d</p>	
<p>2. Line The locus of points d units from a line is 2 lines d units away on either side</p>	
<p>3. Two Points The locus of points <u>equidistant</u> from 2 points is the \perp bisector</p>	
<p>4. Parallel Lines The locus of points equidistant from 2 lines is a line midway between them</p>	
<p>5. Intersecting Lines The locus of points equidistant from 2 intersecting lines is a pair of \angle bisectors</p>	

Given Condition

Equidistant